

Candidate: **Betty Penske**
Assessment: Printing Press Operators
Completed: May 13, 2024
Prepared for: Susan Bookman
HR Avatar Data Collection Account

Test Results and Interview Guide


The Printing Press Operators assessment measures key factors related to high performance and tenure in this job. Attribute types measured vary by test, but can include cognitive ability, skills, knowledge, personality characteristics, emotional intelligence, and past behavioral history. This report includes a one page summary, followed by detailed results with an embedded interview guide. Note that these results should always be used as a part of a balanced candidate selection process that includes independent evaluation steps, such as interviews and reference checks.

Detail

Candidate: Betty Penske, bettypenske@yourcompany.org
Assessment: Printing Press Operators
Authorized: May 13, 2024, by Susan Bookman, HR Avatar Data Collection Account, sue.bookman@richardson.biz
Started: May 13, 2024, 3:52:04AM EST
Completed: May 13, 2024, 3:52:04AM EST
Overall Score: 80

Cognitive Abilities Detail

This section contains a list of job-related cognitive abilities that have been evaluated in a job-like context using HR Avatar's simulation technology. Studies have demonstrated that cognitive abilities are highly correlated with job performance for many jobs. Abilities also correlate with problem-solving and the ability to learn quickly.

Detail	Interview Guide
<p>Memory / Attention to Detail / Logic & Reasoning Score: 68</p>  <p><i>Description:</i> This scale reflects how successful a person is at making sense of facts through logical reasoning. High scorers understand causes and consequences by interpreting a given situation and predicting its outcomes. They are able to remember details and take action accordingly. Low scorers may burn out or become paralyzed. In more stable circumstances, high scorers may become bored, while low scorers would remain satisfied. This scale also represents thoroughness, accuracy, and being concerned for all areas involved no matter how insignificant. Individuals who demonstrate high Attention to Detail produce work that is consistently accurate and require little checking. They rarely forget schedule commitments or overlook even the smallest details.</p> <p><i>Interpretation:</i> Strong scores in this area correlate with above average performance for many jobs.</p> <p>Above-average scores in memory, attention to detail and logic indicate the candidate has the ability to learn quickly, recall information promptly, solve problems, and adapt to changing conditions. This usually means the candidate is likely to respond appropriately to challenging situations with little or no supervision.</p>	<p>Can you give me an example of where your attention to detail or your thoughtful analysis of a situation helped make a project successful?</p> <div><div>★ 1</div><div>★ 2</div><div>★ 3</div><div>★ 4</div><div>★ 5</div></div> <p>Poor example. Does not show attention to detail or analytical ability.</p> <p>Moderately relevant or impactful example.</p> <p>Strongly relevant and clear example.</p> <hr/> <p>How do you handle a situation when you've messed up due to overlooking an important detail?</p> <div><div>★ 1</div><div>★ 2</div><div>★ 3</div><div>★ 4</div><div>★ 5</div></div> <p>Is unable to handle the situation.</p> <p>Demonstrates the ability to admit to their error and quickly fix the error but didn't put preventative systems in place.</p> <p>Demonstrates the ability to admit to their error, put preventative systems in place, and quickly fix the error.</p>

Personality Characteristics Detail

This section contains a list of personality characteristics that are frequently associated with job performance. Remember, these are not skills and do not indicate the ability to do a job. Rather, they can be used to evaluate the candidate's fit with the general needs of the job and the organizational culture. Sample interview questions are provided to gather more information.

Continued on next page.

Behavioral History Detail


This section evaluates answers the candidate gave concerning his or her work-related history. Studies often show that a candidate's past behavior often indicates his or her future behavior. Potential caution areas (if any) are specified in each detail section.

Detail	Interview Guide
<div><p>History Survey - Performance</p><p>Score: 89</p><div><div></div></div><p><i>Description:</i></p><p>Evaluates elements of the candidate's past work and education history to identify indications of high or low performance potential.</p><p><i>Interpretation:</i></p><p>The candidate's score indicates past behaviors that contribute to high job performance.</p><p>Exhibits past behaviors and achievements that are likely to enhance job performance.</p><p>The following potential performance risk areas were identified:</p><ul style="list-style-type: none">Below average productivity historyBelow average performance reviews<p>Further probing is recommended for each of these items.</p></div>	<div><p>How does your work compare with your peers? Do you produce more or less? How do you know?</p><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div>1</div><div>2</div><div>3</div><div>4</div><div>5</div></div><hr/><p>What kind of feedback have you received about your performance from your managers and your peers?</p><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div>1</div><div>2</div><div>3</div><div>4</div><div>5</div></div></div>
<div><p>History Survey - Tenure</p><p>Score: 83</p><div><div></div></div><p><i>Description:</i></p><p>Evaluates a candidate's past employment history and related factors for indications of potentially low job tenure.</p><p><i>Interpretation:</i></p><p>The candidate's score indicates past behaviors that contribute to high job performance.</p><p>Exhibits behaviors likely to result in longer than average job tenure.</p><p>The following potential performance risk areas were identified:</p><ul style="list-style-type: none">Frequent job changesPotential long commute<p>Further probing is recommended for each of these items.</p></div>	<div><p>Review your last few jobs with me, explaining why you left the old job and what attracted you to the new one.</p><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div>1</div><div>2</div><div>3</div><div>4</div><div>5</div></div><hr/><p>What is the longest distance you have had to commute to work? What did you do during the commute? How long did you keep that job?</p><div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div>1</div><div>2</div><div>3</div><div>4</div><div>5</div></div></div>


Identity Confirmation Photos

The following photos of the candidate and any identification were uploaded during the assessment session.


Photo Analysis Results	
- Risk:	Medium risk of cheating based on image inconsistencies
- Percent match among processed faces	100%
- Total images processed	17
- Total images with valid faces	14 (82%)
- Total pairs of faces compared	13
- Pairs in which faces matched	13 (100%)




Pre/Post-Test Photo



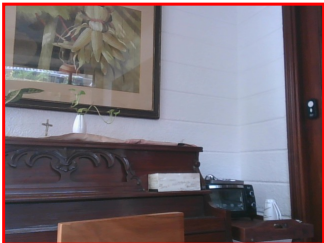
ID Photo




In-Test Error Detected (No Face Detected)



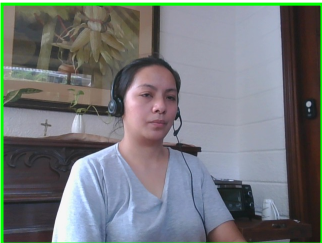
In-Test Error Detected (No Face Detected)




In-Test Error Detected (No Face Detected)



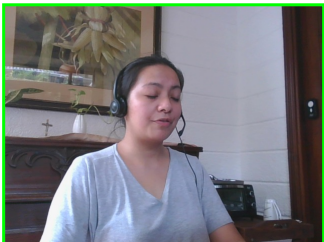
In-Test Photo



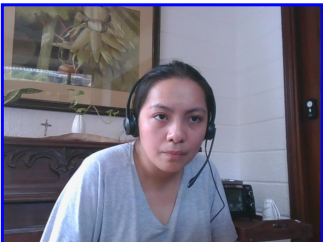
In-Test Photo



In-Test Photo



In-Test Photo



Pre/Post-Test Photo

Report Preparation Notes

- Hiring decisions should never be based on a single source of information. The most effective use of this assessment report is as a part of a multi-faceted program of candidate evaluation that includes resume review, interviews, and reference checks.
- Overall vs Percentiles Scores: The overall score reflects the success in the test, based on the mean (average) and standard deviation of the test scores. The percentile score reflects the percentage of test-takers who scored equal or below this overall score. We recommend you use the Overall Score as your primary evaluation criteria. However, percentile scores can often be useful in comparing specific candidates against one another and with a group, such as for test takers in a certain organization or within a certain account.
- Note that comparison information is calculated based on completed instances of this assessment at that time the assessment is scored. As additional instances are completed, the comparative data may change. You can always update a report to the current values by clicking on "Recalculate Percentiles" within the online results viewing pages at www.hravatar.com.
- Most competency scores are norm-based, which means that they can be interpreted in terms of their distance from the average or mean score. For all scales, a score equal to the mean receives a score of 65 and scores above and below this value are set so that a score change of 15 equals one standard deviation.
- For linear competencies, higher is better across the entire scale. For these scales a score between 65 and 80 (light green) represents 0 to 1 standard deviation above the mean and a score above 80 (dark green) represents more than one standard deviation above the mean. Similarly, a score of 50 - 65 (yellow) represents 0 to 1 standard deviation below the mean, while a score of 35 - 50 (orange) equates to 1 to 2 standard deviations below the mean, and a score below 35 represents more than 2 standard deviations below the mean.
- This assessment makes use of data from the Occupational Information Network (O*NET), which is funded by the U.S. Federal Government - U.S. Department of Labor/Employment and Training Administration (USDOL/ETA) - as a primary source of occupational information. The O*NET database contains information on hundreds of standardized and occupation-specific descriptors that are continually updated by ongoing research. These data are used in preparing descriptive information as well as setting relative weights between competencies used in calculating the overall score. For additional information about O*NET, visit <http://www.onetcenter.org>.
- O*Net Standard Occupational Code (SOC) Used: 51-5112.00
- O*Net Version: 26.3
- Sim ID: 15197-1, Key: 0-0, Rpt: 13, Prd: 6042, Created: 2024-05-13 08:52 UTC
- UA: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; Trident/7.0; Touch; rv:11.0) like Gecko

Score Calculation Detail

The following table provides a summary of how the overall score was calculated from the individual competency scores. Competency scores are calculated on a 0-100 scale by first calculating a Z statistic based on test-taker responses and then transforming the Z value to a scale with target mean and standard deviation. Certain competencies have a normal score distribution where it is best to be closest to the mean. For these competencies we modify the Z statistic by multiplying its absolute value by minus 1 for the overall score calculation. Next, to calculate the overall score, a weighted average of all modified competency Z statistics is computed and this weighted average is itself transformed to a Z statistic, which is then transformed to a score with the same target mean and standard deviation. Finally outlier scores are adjusted if they are below 0 or above 100.

Competency	Score	How applied to overall	Score Value Used	Weight (%)
Adaptability / Flexibility	95.1574	Z-Statistic	2.0105	8.8918
Conscientiousness	96.3756	Z-Statistic	2.0917	10.6636
History Survey - Performance	89.9029	Z-Statistic	1.6602	11.9995
History Survey - Tenure	83.8639	Z-Statistic	1.2576	11.9995
Memory / Attention to Detail / Logic & Reasoning	68.6742	Z-Statistic	0.2449	36.0699
Reliability	69.7396	Z-Statistic	0.3160	11.5495
Service Orientation	88.8065	Z-Statistic	1.5871	8.8262
Weighted Average of Competency Z-Scores:				1.0169
Mean applied to Raw Weighted Avg:				0.0000
Standard Deviation applied to Raw Weighted Avg:				1.0000
Normalized Raw Score:				1.0169
Mean:				65.0000
Standard Deviation Used:				15.0000
Final Overall Score:				80.2530

Notes

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